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Iron County Register.

P. P. AKE, Publisher
State Historical Society
VOLUME XLIX.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY AND TRUTH.

IRONTON, MO., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1915.

TERMS—\$1.50 a-Year in Advance.

NUMBER 25.

JOB-WORK

Best equipped Job Print-
ing establishment in this
section of the State. We
insure satisfaction; prices
reasonable.

TRY US.

NO ALUM in Dr. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Sixty Years the Standard

Made from Cream of Tartar

About Railroad Rates.

The executive heads of all impor-
tant railroads operating lines within
the State of Missouri have prepared a
statement concerning the effect of the
order of the Missouri Public Service
Commission in the passenger rate
case. The document, which is given
below, has been approved by B. F.
Bush, Receiver Missouri Pacific Iron
Mountain; W. B. Biddle, Receiver
Frisco; E. F. Kearney, President
Wabash; C. E. Schaff, Receiver M. &
T.; F. H. Britton, President St.
Louis Southwestern (Cotton Belt); J.
E. Gorman, Chief Executive Officer
Rock Island; E. P. Ripley, President
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe; Hale
Holden, President Chicago, Burling-
ton & Quincy; W. G. Bierd, President
Chicago & Alton; A. J. Harding,
President Chicago, Milwaukee & St.
Paul; and S. M. Felton, President Chi-
cago Great Western.

"The impression prevails through-
out the State that the Railroads have
been given the privilege of advancing
their passenger rates from two cents
to one and one-half cents per mile.

"This is a misconception as the very
conditions under which the advance
is permitted prevent the railroads
from getting it.

"The advance to two and one-half
cents per mile cannot be made ex-
cept upon the condition that round
trip tickets be sold at two and one-
quarter per mile, and that 500 and
1000-mile tickets, good for bearer and
any number of persons for one year,
be sold at two cents per mile.

"The sale of round trip tickets at
two and one-quarter cents per mile
is equivalent to a reduction of ten per
cent from the rate of two and one-
half cents per mile.

"The sale of a mileage ticket at two
cents per mile that can be used by any
number of persons is equivalent to a
reduction of twenty per cent from the
rate of two and one-half cents per
mile and brings the purchase of these
tickets within the reach of the great
majority of travelers.

"The order of the Commission
further provides that the same facili-
ties in travel shall be extended to the
passenger purchasing transportation at
two cents per mile as are extended to
the passenger paying the higher rates.

"These conditions will make the
present confiscatory rate of two cents
per mile the prevailing rate for trans-
portation under the order of the
Commission.

"Passengers would buy these mile-
age tickets to such an extent as to
prevent the railroads, for at least a
year, from getting the benefit from
any substantial raise in passenger fare
under the order of the Commission.

"The opinion is advanced by the
Commission that the sale of mileage
tickets under the conditions outlined
will increase travel. This theory is
refuted by the actual experience of
the Missouri Railroads under the
present two cent rate, which the
Commission admits has not increased
travel sufficiently to offset the loss in
revenue.

"Our opinion with respect to the
changes permitted in freight rates will
require more time and study, but in
the meantime we are forced to the
conclusion that the order, as applied
to passenger rates, will result in a
very small increase in revenue."

A Corn Variety Test.

What is the best variety of corn to
grow in any particular neighborhood?
We all want the thing and that is
yield of shelled corn per acre. We
are not particular about the color of
the grain, the color of the cob, or any
other character, unless it can be shown
that the yield is influenced by the
character.

If we are giving our corn the best
cultivation we know how and still
some one gets a yield of 50 or 100
bushels per acre more than we do it may
be our variety of corn is unable to
produce as many bushels of corn as
our neighbors, under the same condi-
tions.

Will yellow corn out-yield white?

Will a mixed corn out-yield either?

Will corn with two ears to the stalk
out-yield corn with one ear to the
stalk? To answer this question of
yield corn was obtained from a num-
ber of farmers living close to the
Normal. This corn was planted side
by side together with other corn less
commonly grown like blue corn, soft
or flour corn, prolific corn and some
samples of mixed corn. All were
given the same care and cultivation,
all suffered from the storm in August.
The average yield of the entire plot
was 84 bushels per acre. The highest
yield was 93 bushels per acre and the
lowest yield was 70 per acre. The
varieties, like St. Charles, Johnson
and Boone of the white variety and
Reid's of the yellow variety all
yielded much better than any of the
less grown varieties.

Such variety tests should be con-
ducted in every neighborhood. Often
we find greater differences of yield
than was shown in this test. It is
sometimes said that the mixing of
the varieties, when planted side by
side, destroys our results. It does
destroy the value of the corn for seed
but the cross the first year affects the
yield but little, if any. Yellow pollen
on white corn colors the end sperm but
the grains so colored have the same
weight as the pure ones.

SETH BARCOCK.

With the Forty-Niners.

The historically important discov-
ery of gold in California was made in
January, 1848, at John Sutter's mill
on South Fork of American River near
Coloma, a point only 10 or 15 miles
southeast of the town of Auburn.
From 1850 to 1853 the greatest yield
was derived from the gravels, and the
largest annual output for this period
was more than \$65,000,000, in 1852.
There was some reaction in 1854, due
to previous wild speculation, but a
production of about \$50,000,000 a year,
chiefly from placer mines, was main-
tained up to 1861.

At first the gold was won chiefly
from gravels along the present
streams. Those who first got posses-
sion of the rich bars on American,
Yuba, Feather, and Stanislaus rivers
and some of the smaller streams in
the heart of the gold region made at
times from \$1,000 to \$5,000 a day. In
1848 \$500 to \$700 a day was not
unusual; but, on the other hand,
the income of the great majority of
miners was far less than that of men
who seriously devoted themselves to
trade or even to common labor.

The gold pan, the "rocker," the
"tom," the sluice, and the hydraulic
"giant," or "monitor," named in the
order of increasing efficiency, were the
tools successively used by the miners.
Into the "rocker," and the "tom" the
miners shoveled gravel or "dirt," the
rocker machine as he poured in
water and catching the gold, often
with the aid of quicksilver, on riffles
set across the bottom of his box.
Sometimes a stream was diverted into
a flume to lay bare the gravel in its
bed so that the miner could get at it.
In sluicing, the gravel was shoveled
into a similar but much longer box
through which a stream of water was
allowed to run. The hydraulic giant
was employed to wash into long riffle-
set sluices immense quantities of
gravel, especially from the higher
(Tertiary) deposits, much of which
was too clean to work out by hand.
Water was brought for many miles in
ditches and flumes from the high Si-
erra and conducted under great head
to a nozzle, from which it was pro-
jected with tremendous force against
the gravel. In the vast quantity
of refuse washed into the streams by
these hydraulic operations that
brought about the conflict between
mining and agricultural interests,
finally decided in favor of the farm-
ers. Of late years the gold obtained
from quartz veins in California has
exceeded that won by placer mining.
(Overland Guidebook, Bulletin 512, U.
S. Geological Survey, for sale by
Superintendent of Documents, Wash-
ington, D. C. at \$1.)

Senator Reed in Pike County.

(Clarksville Piker.)

Senator Jas. A. Reed, in his tour of
Pike County, Monday was welcomed
by the people and in the towns along
his route, with a warmth that was not
to be mistaken. He was met and re-
ceived at Clarksville, Bolla and Bow-
ling Green with open arms, and made
short speeches at these places. The
ovation given him in the Tabernacle
at Louisiana by the audience of fifteen
hundred people, from all parts of
Pike County, left no doubt of how
Pike County regards the Junior Sen-
ator from Missouri. Mr. Reed de-
serves his popularity. He has always
been for the masses of the people,
against the lobbyist, trusts and gra-
fters and his public record in Wash-
ington has been one long fight for the
people's rights. He is a man of un-
daunted courage, who fights for what
he believes to be right, and Pike
County will always back a man of this
type. Missouri will find Old Pike in
the front ranks when it returns the
Junior Senator to Washington to
continue the good fight.

County Recovers \$217.50.

(Potosi Journal.)

Special Judge Clyde Williams of
Hillsboro, who has been invoked by
Judge Dearing as trial court at an ad-
judged term of circuit court held here
last Monday, rendered his ver-
dict in the suits brought by the coun-
ty against J. O. Long, former county
clerk, and I. A. Letcher, former coun-
ty collector, for the recovery of cer-
tain fees alleged to have been retain-
ed by them to which they were not
legally entitled.

In the case against Mr. Letcher, the
court gave judgment for the defend-
ant on all the counts presented in the
petition. The amount sought by the
county in this action was \$163.48.

In the case against Mr. Long, where
in the county sought to recover \$1351.
67, the court gave judgment for the
plaintiff on the first count for \$74.60,
on the second count for \$60.00, and on
the third count for \$82. On a fourth
count in the petition the court found
for the defendant. The total of the
judgments against Mr. Long amounts
to \$217.50.

Action had also been brought
against Joseph Cresswell, circuit
clerk, for the recovery of \$108.85, but
this was dismissed on demurrer by the
attorney for the defendants on Octo-
ber 6th.

The outcome of these cases is worse
than a water-haul for the county,
since the amount recovered under the
judgments is not sufficient to pay the
costs of the litigation. These suits, as
will be remembered, were based on
the report of the examiners sent here
by the State Auditor a year ago to
overhaul the books of the various
county officials. In each case where
action was brought, the defendant
maintained that he had official author-
ity for holding the fees under protest.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars
Reward for any case of Catarrh
that cannot be cured by Hall's
Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known P. J.
Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe
him perfectly honorable in all business
transactions and financially able to carry
out any obligations made by him for
NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally,
acting directly upon the blood and mu-
cous surfaces of the system. Testimonials
sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold
by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

Iron Smelter Near the Cape.

(Cape Girardeau Republican.)

W. I. Hooper, a stockholder and
director in the Radium Iron & Lam-
ber Company, of Chicago, was here
again Tuesday carrying on negotia-
tions for the establishment near this
city of a large iron and by-products
plant. Mr. Hooper and others of his
corporation have been here frequent-
ly of late and the plans have been
made to such an extent that he ad-
vised the Commercial Club that he of-
ficers of the company and represen-
tatives of a Chicago bank will be here
next week for a final conference.

A great deal has been published
about the activities of this corporation
in Southeast Missouri in recent years.
Not long ago it was announced that
the plant would be located in Poplar
Bluff. Then for some reason it was
decided to locate it near Roubauer,
where a new town was to be built.
About the time the plans were to be
carried out the big flood came and the
prospective site remained under a
great depth of water for a long time.
Such a condition had never been
thought of and the flood washed away
the desires of locating a plant in such
a place. Then Cape Girardeau was
decided upon.

The company has arranged all the
terms for buying the St. Vincent Col-
lege property south of town, which is
composed of 460 acres. The Com-
mercial Club has been asked for the
site of the old smelter outfit and the
company agrees to pay cash for it.
No bonus or gifts of any kind are
wanted and the town will not be re-
quired to buy any stock or bonds.
Mr. Hooper outlined his plans to

the executive committee of the Com-
pany: the site of the old smelter plant
would be used for the iron furnaces
and that it would take most of the
college property for the storage of
wood, a tremendous quantity of which
must be on hand at all times.

His company has acquired over 30,-
000 acres of mineral land mostly in
Butler county and they are assured of
an endless supply of iron that can be
mined easily. He expects to get all
the abstracts for the land made this
week and then the final steps can be
taken for the issuance of the bonds.
A Chicago trust company has agreed
to finance the proposition, taking a
mortgage on all this property. Just
as soon as the final details can be
worked out work on the plant will
begin.

Dispel the Little Fears.

Don't be afraid of shadows. They
are really not dangerous of them-
selves, and have often been known to
be quite friendly—especially in
sweethearting times. You were not
afraid of them then.

A full line of Stoves of every kind
just received by A. Riecke & Son.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

OF THE

FINANCIAL CONDITION

OF THE

The Bank of Arcadia Valley,

(No. 1849)

AT ARCADIA, STATE OF MISSOURI,

At the Close of Business on the 10th
Day of November, 1915.

Published in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER,
a newspaper printed and published at
Ironton, State of Missouri, on the 25th
day of November, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, unob-
tained, good on personal or collateral \$10991 16
Loans, real estate 10490 00
Overdrafts 274 25
Real estate (banking house) 2584 99
Furniture and fixtures 2087 27
Due from other banks and bank-
ers, subject to check 2147 93
Cash items 250 27
Currency 1070 00
Specie 575 77

Total \$39301 64

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in \$10000 00
Surplus fund 1274 69
Individual deposits subject to
check 16901 43
Time certificates of deposit 10125 52
Bills payable and re-discounts 1000 00

Total \$39301 64

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss.

We, D. Edgar Fletcher, as President, and
A. J. Boardman, as Cashier, of said bank,
each of us do solemnly swear that the
above statement is true to the best of our
knowledge and belief.

D. EDGAR FLETCHER, President.

A. J. BOARDMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this
18th day of November, A. D. nineteen hun-
dred and fifteen.

WITNESS my hand and notarial seal on the
date last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qual-
ified for a term expiring February 23, 1919.)

(SEAL) R. L. BARGER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: G. A. BUCKEY,

J. B. HOLLOMAN,

JOHN F. ADRIAN, Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

OF THE

FINANCIAL CONDITION

OF THE

BELLEVUE VALLEY BANK,

(No. 1900)

AT BELLEVUE, STATE OF MISSOURI,

At the Close of Business on the 10th
Day of November, 1915.

Published in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER,
a newspaper printed and published at
Ironton, State of Missouri, on the 25th
day of November, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, unob-
tained, good on personal or collateral \$11070 07
Loans, real estate 10421 36
Overdrafts 181 83
Other real estate 100 00
Furniture and fixtures 1274 55
Due from other banks and bank-
ers, subject to check 6501 43
Cash items 45 16
Currency 1768 00
Specie 930 57

Total \$3192 97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in \$10000 00
Surplus fund 1000 00
Undivided profits, net 769 77
Individual deposits subject to
check 15885 84
Time certificates of deposit 5378 16
Cashier's checks 359 20

Total \$3192 97

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss.

We, S. E. Buford, as President, and
O. R. Robinson, as Cashier, of said bank,
each of us do solemnly swear that the above
statement is true to the best of our knowl-
edge and belief.

S. E. BUFORD, President.

O. R. ROBINSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this
20th day of November, A. D. nineteen hun-
dred and fifteen.

WITNESS my hand and notarial seal on the
date last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qual-
ified for a term expiring April 18, 1918.)

(SEAL) HARVEY L. BELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: DR. ADOLPH A. MEADOR,

W. A. TOWNSEND,

D. EDGAR FLETCHER, Directors.

Fall and Winter Arrivals!

Ask yourself if you need any New Articles this
Winter. If so, see what we have. WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY!

SWEATERS.

We have a Splendid Assort-
ment of Monarch Sweaters.
Infants', 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.
Child's, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25.
Misses', 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 2.25, 2.75,
and 3.00.
Ladies', \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.25,
2.50, 2.75, 3.00.
Boys', 50c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
Men's, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.50, 1.75, 2.25,
2.50 and 3.00.

OVERCOATS.

Men's, \$5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00,
and 12.00.
Boys', \$4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00.

RUBBER OVERSHOES.

Child's, 45c to 90c. Misses', 50c, 75c and \$1.00.
Ladies', 50c, 75c, 90c, \$1.00, 1.10.
Men's, 75c, 90c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.75, 2.00.
Felt Boots—Men's, \$2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.50.
Boys', \$2.25.

Ladies' Shoes.

\$1.25, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.60, 1.75, 1.85, 2.00

2.10, 2.25, 2.50, 2.65, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50.

Misses' Shoes. \$1.00, 1.25, 1.35, 1.45, 1.60, 1.75, 2.00, 2.10,

2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00.

Children's Shoes. 25c, 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c, 90c, \$1.00, 1.20,

1.25, 1.30, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25.

Men's Shoes. \$2.00, 2.10, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 3.75,

4.00, 4.25, 4.50, 5.00.

Boys' Shoes. \$1.25, 1.35, 1.50, 1.60, 1.80, 1.85, 2.00, 2.10, 2.25,

2.50, 2.65, 3.00, 3.50.

Do Not Miss Seeing Our Great Line of SHOE BARGAINS.

SHIRTS.

We have the Largest Dis-
play of Shirts in Ironton.
Dress Shirts, Work Shirts, Wool Shirts
Dress Shirts, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
Work Shirts, 50c, 75c.
Wool Shirts, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75.
The Shirts we handle are well known Per-
son-McKinney shirt. All guaranteed.
Socks—New & Fine. Warm.
Looking Shirt, 90c, 75c. See this shirt.

CORSETS.

The Corsets we sell are
Warner's. They are
from the Largest Corset
Manufacturers of the
world. They are cele-
brated. Prices, 50, \$1
and 1.50.
SPECIAL—\$2.00, 3.00, 5.00,
7.00 and 10.00.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S COATS.

The Latest Styles in Ladies', Misses', Child-
ren's and Infants' Coats.
LADIES'—\$3.00, 3.95, 4.50, 5.25, 5.50, 5.75, 6.00, 6.25, 6.50, 6.75, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00, 14.00.
MISSSES'—\$2.50, 2.95, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 3.75, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00. CHILDREN'S
—\$1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50. INFANTS'—75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75.
SPECIAL PRICE on Two or More Coats, or Coat and Skirt, or Coat and Overcoat.

UNDERWEAR!

Keep Warm and Comfortable.
This means health to you and to
your family. We have now in our
Store a Big Stock of "Monarch" Underwear.
Men's Union Suits, \$1.00, 1.50, 1.75, 2.25.
Men's Fleece-lined Shirts or Drawers, 50c.
Men's Ribbed Shirts or Drawers, 60c.
Men's Wool Shirts or Drawers, \$1.00, 1.50.
Ladies' Union Suits, 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.50, 1.75.
Ladies' Vests or Pants, 25c, 50c—Light, Medi-
um and Heavy. Boys' Union Suits, 50c, 60c, 75c.
Misses' Union Suits, 25c, 35c, 50c, \$1.00. Boys'
Shirts or Drawers, 25c, 50c. Misses' Vests or
Pants, 25c, 35c, 50c, 60c. Infants' Wool Vests,
25c, 50c, 60c.

MEN'S